



**CANDIDATE** 

## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of S

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NAME					
CENTER NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

**MATHEMATICS (US)** 

0444/41

Paper 4 (Extended)

October/November 2013

2 hours 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Geometrical instruments

Electronic calculator

## **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Center number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If work is needed for any question it must be shown in the space provided.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant digits.

Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For  $\pi$ , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

The number of points is given in parentheses [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

The total of the points for this paper is 130.

Write your calculator model in the box below.

This document consists of 20 printed pages.



## Formula List

For the equation

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

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Lateral surface area, A, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

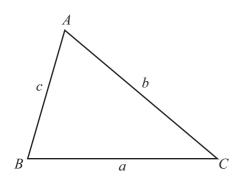
Lateral surface area, A, of cone of radius r, sloping edge l.

Surface area, A, of sphere of radius r.

Volume, V, of pyramid, base area A, height h.

Volume, V, of cone of radius r, height h.

Volume, V, of sphere of radius r.



$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$A = 2\pi rh$$

$$A=\pi rl$$

$$A = 4\pi r^2$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$Area = \frac{1}{2}bc \sin A$$

1 David Schis Hull at the main	I Dav	lls fruit at the n	1arke1
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(i)	Write 80 kg as a fraction of the total mass of tomatoes and grapes.
	Give your answer in lowest terms.

(ii) Write down the ratio mass of tomatoes: mass of grapes. Give your answer in simplest form.

*Answer(a)*(ii) ...... [1]

**(b) (i)** One day he sells 28 kg of oranges at \$1.56 per kilogram.

He also sells 35 kg of apples.

The total he receives from selling the oranges and the apples is \$86.38.

Calculate the price of 1 kilogram of apples.

*Answer(b)*(i) \$ ...... [2]

(ii) The price of 1 kilogram of oranges is \$1.56. This is 20% more than the price two weeks ago.

Calculate the price two weeks ago.

(c) On another day, David received a total of \$667 from all the fruit he sold.

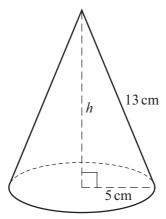
The cost of the fruit was \$314.20.

David worked for  $10\frac{1}{2}$  hours on this day.

Calculate David's rate of profit in dollars per hour.

*Answer(c)* ...... dollars/h [2]

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(a) The diagram shows a cone of radius 5 cm and slant height 13 cm.

(i) Calculate the curved surface area of the cone.

Answer(a)(i) ...... cm<sup>2</sup> [2]

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(ii) Calculate the perpendicular height, h, of the cone.

Answer(a)(ii) h = ..... cm [3]

(iii) Calculate the volume of the cone.

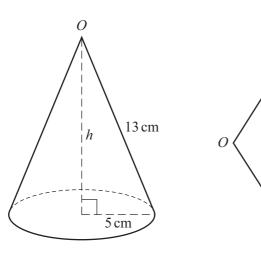
Answer(a)(iii) ...... cm<sup>3</sup> [2]

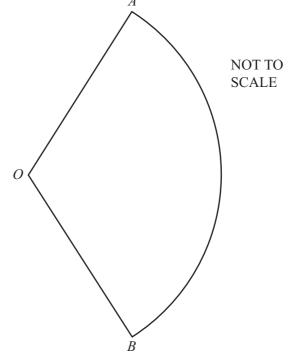
(iv) Write your answer to part (a)(iii) in cubic meters. Give your answer in scientific notation.

Answer(a)(iv) ...... m<sup>3</sup> [2]

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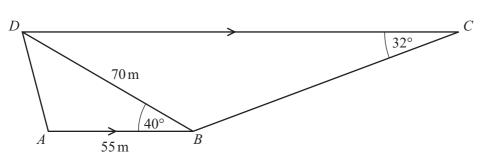
**(b)** 





The cone is now cut along a slant height and it opens out to make the sector *AOB* of a circle. Calculate angle *AOB*.

Answer(b) Angle AOB = [4]



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The diagram shows a school playground ABCD.

ABCD is a trapezoid.

AB = 55 m, BD = 70 m, angle  $ABD = 40^{\circ}$  and angle  $BCD = 32^{\circ}$ .

(a) Calculate AD.

Answer(a) ..... m [4]

**(b)** Calculate *BC*.

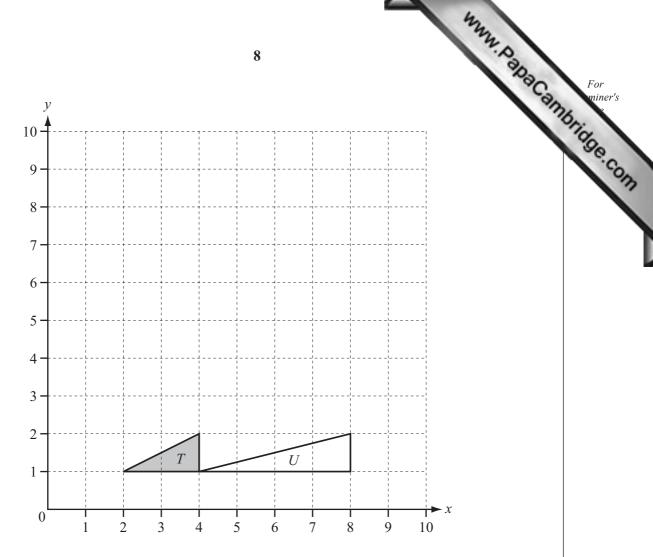
*Answer(b)* ...... m [4]

(c)	(i)	Calculate the area of the playground ABC	D. ABC
			Answer(c)(i)
	(ii)	An accurate plan of the school playground	l is to be drawn to a scale of 1:200.
		Calculate the area of the school playgroun Give your answer in cm <sup>2</sup> .	d on the plan.
			Answer(c)(ii) cm <sup>2</sup> [2]
(d)	A f	ence, BD, divides the playground into two a	reas.
	Cal	culate the shortest distance from A to BD.	

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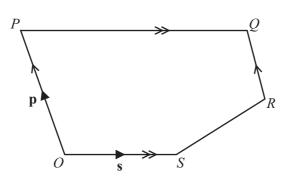
Answer(d) ..... m [2]

(a)



- Draw the reflection of triangle *T* in the line y = 5. [2]
- Draw the rotation of triangle *T* about the point (4, 2) through 180°. [2]
- Draw the enlargement of triangle T, centre (2, 0), factor 4. (iii) [2]
- Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle T onto triangle U. (iv)

**(b)** 



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In the pentagon OPQRS, OP is parallel to RQ and OS is parallel to PQ. PQ = 2OS and OP = 2RQ. O is the origin,  $\overrightarrow{OP} = \mathbf{p}$  and  $\overrightarrow{OS} = \mathbf{s}$ .

Find, in terms of **p** and **s**, in their simplest form,

(i) the position vector of Q,

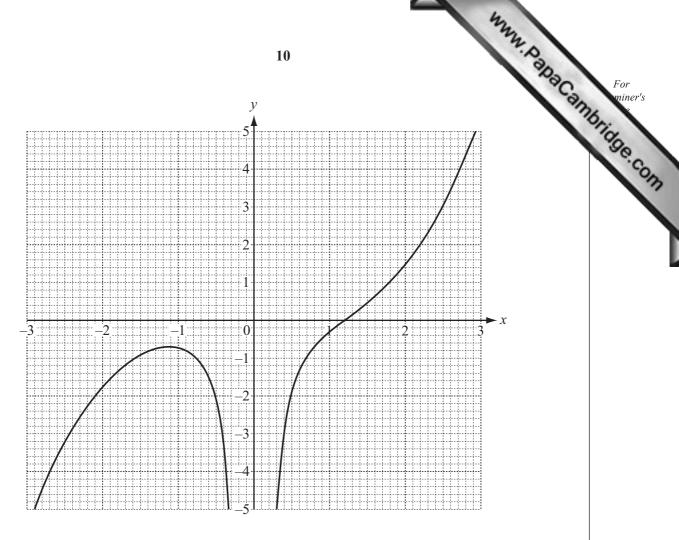
Answer(b)(i)		[2]
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(ii)  $\overrightarrow{SR}$ .

$$Answer(b)(ii) \overrightarrow{SR} = \dots [2]$$

(c) Explain what your answers in **part** (b) tell you about the lines OQ and SR.

5 (a)



The diagram shows the graph of y = f(x) for  $-3 \le x \le 3$ .

(i) Find f(2).

Answer(a)(i) ......[1]

(ii) Solve the equation f(x) = 0.

 $Answer(a)(ii) x = \dots [1]$ 

Write down the value of the largest **integer**, k, for which the equation f(x) = k has 3 solutions. (iii)

 $Answer(a)(iii) k = \dots [1]$ 

(iv) By drawing a suitable straight line, solve the equation f(x) = x.

Answer(a)(iv) x = ... or x = ... [3]

**(b)** 
$$g(x) = 1 - 2x$$
  $h(x) = x^2 - 1$ 

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(i) Find g(h(3)).

Answer(b)(i)	[2]
Answer $(U)(1)$	 141

(ii) Find  $g^{-1}(x)$ .

Answer(b)(ii) 
$$g^{-1}(x) = ...$$
 [2]

(iii) Solve the equation h(x) = 3.

Answer(b)(iii) 
$$x = ....$$
 or  $x = ....$  [3]

(iv) Solve the equation g(3x) = 2x.

Answer(b)(iv) 
$$x =$$
 [3]

6 120 students are asked to answer a question. The time, *t* seconds, taken by each student to answer the question is measured.

120 students at The time, t see The frequency	conds, taken l	by each studer		ne question is	measured.	WWW. P.	For miner's
Time	0 < t <b>Y</b> 10	10 < t <b>Y</b> 20	20 < t <b>Y</b> 30	30 < t <b>Y</b> 40	40 < t <b>Y</b> 50	50 < t <b>Y</b> 60	Sc. CO.
Frequency	6	44	40	14	10	6	13

(a) Calculate an estimate of the mean time.

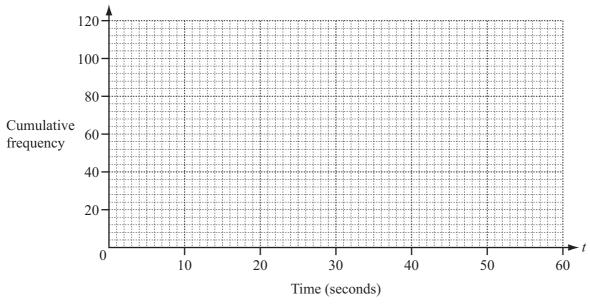
*Answer(a)* ...... s [4]

**(b) (i)** Complete the cumulative frequency table.

Time	t <b>Y</b> 10	t <b>Y</b> 20	t <b>Y</b> 30	t <b>Y</b> 40	t <b>Y</b> 50	t <b>Y</b> 60
Cumulative frequency	6			104		120

[2]

On the grid below, draw a cumulative frequency diagram to show this information.



[3]

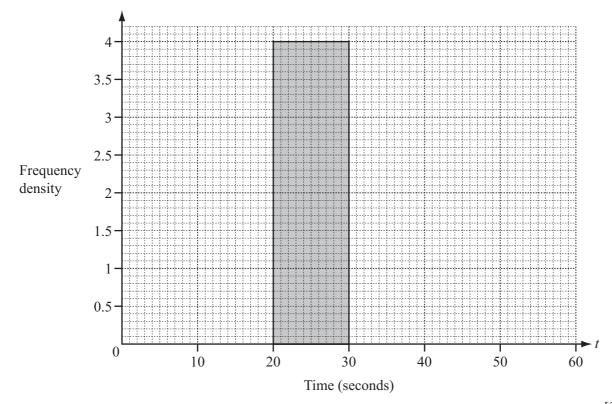
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13	M. D.	
requency diagram to find the	median, the lower quantity s	For miner's
Answer(b)(iii) Median	s	Tide
Lower quartile	s	COM
60th percentile	s [4]	

- (c) The intervals for the times taken are changed.
  - (i) Use the information in the **frequency table** on the opposite page to complete this new table.

Time	0 < t <b>Y</b> 20	20 < t <b>Y</b> 30	30 < t <b>Y</b> 60
Frequency		40	

[2]

On the grid below, complete the histogram to show the information in the new table. One column has already been drawn for you.



[3]

7 (a) Solve the equation  $8x^2 - 11x - 11 = 0$ . Show all your working and give your answers correct to 2 decimal places. For miner's

Answer(a) $x =$
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(b) y varies directly as the square root of x. y = 18 when x = 9.

Find y when x = 484.

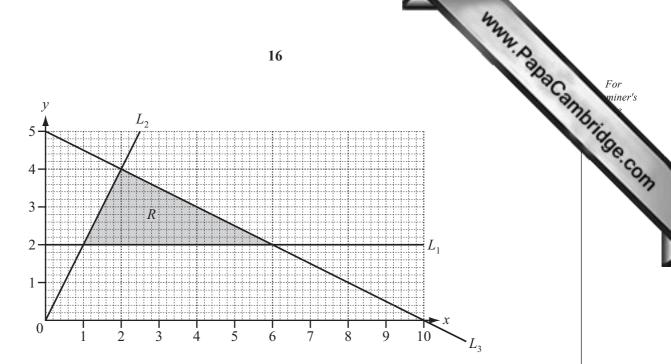
(c) Sara spends x on pens which cost 2.50 each. She also spends x-14.50 on pencils which cost 0.50 each. The **total** of the number of pens and the number of pencils is 19.

Write down and solve an equation in x.



Fr. miner.

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(a) Find the equations of the lines  $L_1$ ,  $L_2$  and  $L_3$ .

Answer(a) $L_1$	

 $L_2$  .....

**(b)** Write down the three inequalities that define the shaded region, R.

*Answer(b)* .....

(c)	A gardener buys x bushes and y trees.	
	The cost of a bush is \$30 and the cost of a tree is \$200.	

MMM. PatraCambridge.com The shaded region R shows the only possible numbers of bushes and trees the gardener can buy

	Answer(c)(i) bushes
	trees [2]
(ii)	Find the number of bushes and the number of trees which give the greatest possible total cost. Write down this greatest possible total cost.
	Answer(c)(ii) bushes
	trees
	Greatest possible total cost = \$

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9 (a) 1 1+2

$$1 + 2 + 3$$

= 3

$$1 + 2 + 3 + 4$$

$$= 10$$

(i) Write down the next line of this pattern.

Answer(a)(i)	[1]	1

(ii) The sum of the first *n* integers is  $\frac{n}{k}(n+1)$ .

Show that k = 2.

Answer(a)(ii)

[2]

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(iii) Find the sum of the first 60 integers.

(iv) Find n when the sum of the first n integers is 465.

$$Answer(a)(iv) n = \dots [2]$$

(v) 
$$1+2+3+4+\ldots+x = \frac{(n-8)(n-7)}{2}$$

Write x in terms of n.

$$Answer(a)(v) x = \dots [1]$$

(b) 
$$1^{3} = 1$$
$$1^{3} + 2^{3} = 9$$
$$1^{3} + 2^{3} + 3^{3} = 36$$
$$1^{3} + 2^{3} + 3^{3} + 4^{3} = 100$$

For miner's

(i) Complete the statement.

$$1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + 4^3 + 5^3 = \dots = (\dots)^2$$

(ii) The sum of the first *n* integers is  $\frac{n}{2}(n+1)$ .

Find an expression, in terms of n, for the sum of the first n cubes.

Answer(b)(ii) ......[1]

(iii) Find the sum of the first 19 cubes.

Question 10 is printed on the next page.

**10 (a)** A car is bought for \$8000. The value of the car decreases by 10% each year.

Calculate the value of the car after 5 years. Give your answer correct to the nearest dollar.

Answer(a) \$		[3]	]
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**(b)** Emily opens a bank account. She pays \$100 each **month** into the account.

The bank pays 0.5% compound interest each **month**.

Show that the amount in Emily's account after 2 months is \$201.50, correct to the nearest cent.

Answer(b)

[2]

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(c) Find, in terms of *n*, the sum of this geometric sequence.

$$1 + 2 + 4 + 8 + \dots + 2^{n-1}$$

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